

TIME:1 HOUR

MARKS:20

N.B.:1. Attempt any four questions.

2. Each question carry equal marks.

Q.1 Simplify $\frac{(1+i)^8 (\sqrt{3}-i)^4}{(1-i)^4 (\sqrt{3}+i)^8}$

Q.2 If $x - \frac{1}{x} = 2i \sin \theta$, $y - \frac{1}{y} = 2i \sin \phi$ then prove that $\frac{\sqrt[m]{x}}{\sqrt[n]{y}} + \frac{\sqrt[n]{y}}{\sqrt[m]{x}} = 2 \cos\left(\frac{\theta}{m} - \frac{\phi}{n}\right)$

Q.3 If α and β are the roots of the equation $x^2 - \sqrt{3}x + 1 = 0$, prove that $\alpha^n + \beta^n = 2 \cos \frac{n\pi}{6}$. Hence show that $\alpha^{12} + \beta^{12} = 2$

Q.4 If $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta$ are the roots of $x^5 - 1 = 0$, find their values and then show that $(1-\alpha)(1-\beta)(1-\gamma)(1-\delta) = 5$

Q.5 If $1+i$ is one root of the equation $x^4 - 6x^3 + 15x^2 - 18x + 10 = 0$ find all the other roots.

Q.6 Find all the values of $(1+i)^{1/5}$ and show that their continuous product is $(1+i)$

Q.7 Prove that $\frac{1 + \cos 6\theta}{1 + \cos 2\theta} = 16 \cos^4 \theta - 24 \cos^2 \theta + 9$

Q.8 Prove that $\cos^4 \theta \sin^3 \theta = \frac{-1}{64} (\sin 7\theta + \sin 5\theta - 3 \sin 3\theta - 3 \sin \theta)$

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 $\omega = (1+i)$

$$\frac{4\pi}{3} - \frac{\pi}{3}i$$

$$\frac{4\pi - \pi i}{3}$$

$$e^{i\pi} \frac{3\pi}{2}i$$