

• **Impact**

Conservation of Momentum (C.O.M.): $m_1u_1 + m_2u_2 = m_1v_1 + m_2v_2$
 Coefficient of Restitution $e = (v_2 - v_1)/(u_1 - u_2) = -v/u$ (Assuming $\rightarrow +ve$ & $\uparrow +ve$)
 Loss of K.E. = $\left[\frac{1}{2}m_1u_1^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_2u_2^2 \right] - \left[\frac{1}{2}m_1v_1^2 + \frac{1}{2}m_2v_2^2 \right]$

For Plastic Impact (e = 0): We can't use 'e' C.O.M. becomes

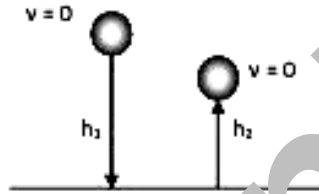
$$m_1u_1 + m_2u_2 = (m_1 + m_2)v$$

where $v = v_1 = v_2$, since both the bodies move together after Impact with same velocity.

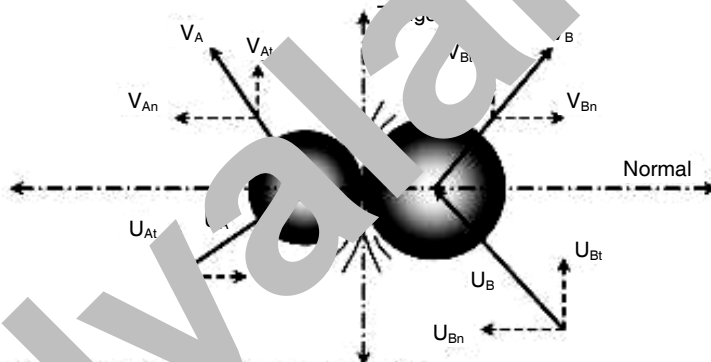
If a ball is released from a height h_1 and it bounces back to a height h_2 then

$$e = \frac{\sqrt{2gh_2}}{\sqrt{2gh_1}} = \sqrt{\frac{h_2}{h_1}}$$

bounces back to a height h_2 then



For oblique central Impact problems:



Tangential components remain same : $V_B = U_B$ & $V_{At} = U_{At}$,

Normal components : By conservation of momentum

$$m_A u_{An} + m_B u_{Bn} = m_A v_{An} + m_B v_{Bn} \quad (\rightarrow +ve)$$

a. Coefficient of Restitution (e) $e = (V_{Bn} - V_{An}) / (U_{An} - U_{Bn})$ ($\rightarrow +ve$)

